

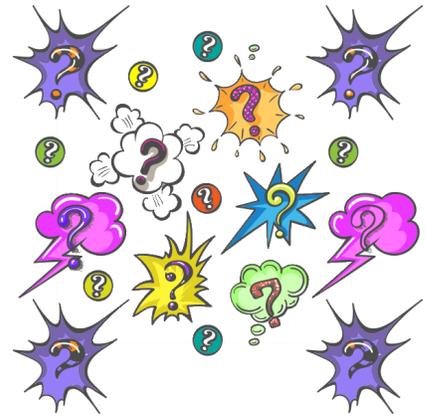
## Unit 2: Putting it all Together

### Mission 8: Answer Bot

#### Intro and Discussion Points:

This project builds on the concept of selecting from a **list** of items and adds **random** number generation to the mix. Up to this point the CodeX has been pretty predictable – as you’d expect a computer to be! But some applications need randomness, or unpredictable results:

- Games, where there shouldn’t be an obvious pattern for the human player to learn.
- Cryptography, where randomness helps secure stored passwords and messages.
- Scientific studies, where statistical sampling requires random selection.



The CodeX uses a pseudo random number generator, which means the “random” numbers it provides are really just a fixed sequence that’s meant to have an unpredictable pattern.

\*Note - this would be a great time to collaborate with math teachers!

## CodeX Lesson Plans

**UNIT 2 : Putting it all Together**

**MISSION 8: Answer Bot**

**# DAYS: 2**

**UNIT GOALS:** Students will synthesize skills to create more complex programs.

**ADDITIONAL MATERIALS:**

- none

**VOCABULARY:**

- List
- Variable
- I/O (Inputs and Outputs)

**FOCUS CSTA STANDARDS:** 1B-AP-09, 1B-AP-10, 2-AP-11, 2-NI-05, 3A-DA-09, 3A-AP-14, 3A-IC-26

**LEARNING TARGETS:**

- I can apply properties of lists to a new program.
- I can utilize multiple variables in a program and describe their purpose.
- I can apply I/O (inputs and outputs) to make my code more efficient.

**SUCCESS CRITERIA:**

- Program the CodeX to generate and display a random number when a button is pressed.
- Change the program to display a random text message from a list of possible “answers”.

**KEY CONCEPTS:**

- Random number generators are crucial for many computer applications.

**DISCUSS REAL WORLD APPLICATIONS:**

- Video games
- Secure password encryption
- Real-world simulator trainers
- Scientific statistical sampling

**ASSESSMENT STRATEGIES:**

**Remix suggestions (set aside 0.5-1 period to complete):**

- Add random **Images** to the list.
- Make **button B** choose from a different list.
- Remove the button control, and just continuously cycle random messages.
  - Delay for effect in between messages
- Make a “Magic 8 Ball” program.
- Change your code to use `random.choice()` to pick from your list (see toolbox for ‘random’)

**TEACHER NOTES:**

Always refer to [Answer Keys by Mission](#) if you get stuck. All coding solutions are available, in alphabetical order.